# BEFORE THE OFFICE OF TAX APPEALS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN	THE	MATTER	OF	THE	APPEAL	OF,	)			
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Μ.	KAM:	IES,					)	OTA	NO.	221212039
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TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Cerritos, California

Tuesday, December 5, 2023

Reported by: ERNALYN M. ALONZO HEARING REPORTER

1	BEFORE THE OFFICE OF TAX APPEALS					
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
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6	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPEAL OF, )  M. KAMIES, ) OTA NO. 221212039					
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8	APPELLANT. ) )					
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14	Transcript of Proceedings, taken					
15	at 12900 Park Plaza Dr., Cerritos, California,					
16	91401, commencing at 9:31 a.m. and concluding					
17	at 10:21 a.m. on Tuesday, December 5, 2023,					
18	reported by Ernalyn M. Alonzo, Hearing Reporter,					
19	in and for the State of California.					
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1	APPEARANCES:	
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3	Panel Lead:	ALJ NATASHA RALSTON
4	Panel Members:	ALJ SUZANNE BROWN
5	raner members.	ALJ KEITH LONG
6	For the Appellant:	MIKE FIGUEROA
7		
8	For the Respondent:	STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND FEE ADMINISTRATION
9		RANDY SUAZO
10		CHRISTOPHER BROOKS JASON PARKER
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3		E X H I B I T S
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5	(Appellant's Exhibi	ts 1-3 were received at page 8.)
6	(Department's Exhib	its A-E were received at page 8.)
7		
8		OPENING STATEMENT
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10	By Mr. Figueroa	9
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Cerritos, California; Tuesday, December 5, 2023 9:31 a.m.

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JUDGE RALSTON: We are opening the record for the hearing, Appeal of Kamies, Office of Tax Appeals Case No. 221212039. Today's date is December 5th, 2023, and the time is approximately 9:31 a.m.

My name is Natasha Ralston, and I am the lead

Administrative Law Judge who will be conducting the

hearing for this case. We will have Judge Brown and Judge

Long. The Office of Tax Appeals is not a court but is an

independent appeals body, which is staffed by tax experts

and is independent of any tax agency.

As I mentioned, the hearing is being live streamed to the public and is being recorded. The transcript and the video will be part of the public record and will be posted on the Office of Tax Appeals website.

Also present is stenographer, Ms. Alonzo, who is reporting this hearing verbatim. To ensure we have an accurate record, we ask that everyone speaks one at a time and does not speak over each other. Also, speak clearly and loudly. When needed, Ms. Alonzo will stop the hearing process and ask for clarification. After the hearing, Ms. Alonzo will produce the official hearing transcript, which will be available on the Office of Tax Appeals

1 website. Okay. So we held the prehearing conference in 2 3 this matter on October 24th, 2023. Subsequent to that conference, Appellant submitted -- well, sorry. Let me go 4 back. 5 I'm going to ask the parties to introduce 6 7 themselves for the record, but if we can start with 8 Respondent CDTFA. 9 MR. SUAZO: Randy Suazo, Hearing Representative 10 CDTFA. 11 MR. PARKER: Jason Parker, Chief of Headquarters 12 Operations Bureau with CDTFA. 13 MR. BROOKS: Good morning. Christopher Brooks, 14 tax counsel -- staff counsel for CDTFA. 15 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you. 16 And for the taxpayer. 17 MR. FIGUEROA: Mike Figueroa. 18 JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you. 19 So subsequent to the prehearing conference, the 20 Appellant submitted Exhibits 1 through 4. 21 Mr. Suazo, did you receive those exhibits and 22 have a chance to review them? 23 MR. SUAZO: Yes. But I think the bank statements weren't included. 2.4 25 JUDGE RALSTON: Okay.

MR. SUAZO: Exhibit 4, yeah, it says to be continued.

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JUDGE RALSTON: Right. So is -- did you -- so,
Mr. Figueroa, you submitted some exhibits, and you
mentioned that you might be submitting some of the bank
statements. Did you submit everything that you intended
to submit already?

MR. FIGUEROA: Yes. Except for the bank statements we, since it's an old case, went to storage to go look for them and I just could not find them. There was no time for me to get to the bank to ask them to give this to us. So that's the only piece. That's why it said to be continued.

JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. So right now, we just have the Exhibits 1 through 3.

MR. FIGUEROA: Correct.

JUDGE RALSTON: When you speak, could you please turn on your microphone? You should see the green light when it's on.

MR. FIGUEROA: Okay.

JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you. Yeah, just because we're recording. I can hear you just fine, but for the recording they need it.

Okay. So we have the Exhibits 1 through 3 that you are able to submit. And then you, CDTFA, you received

1 Did you have any objections to the submitted them. 2 exhibits? 3 MR. SUAZO: No objections. Okay. 4 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you. 5 So Appellant's Exhibits 1 through 3 are admitted 6 without objection. 7 (Appellant's Exhibits 1-3 were received in evidence by the Administrative Law Judge.) 8 9 The Respondent CDTFA has submitted Exhibits A 10 through E. And, Mr. Figueroa, you stated at the 11 prehearing conference, I believe, you had no objections to 12 their exhibits. So Respondents Exhibits A through E will be admitted without objection. 13 14 (Department's Exhibits A-E were received in 15 evidence by the Administrative Law Judge.) 16 And neither party intends to call any witnesses. 17 Is that still correct? 18 MR. FIGUEROA: Correct. 19 MR. SUAZO: No witnesses. 20 JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you. 2.1 So the Appellant will have 15 minutes to present 22 their case. Respondent will have 15 minutes to represent 23 their case, and Appellant will have five minutes for 2.4 rebuttal. The Panel may have questions for either party 25 at any time.

Does anyone have any questions before we move on to the opening presentations?

MR. FIGUEROA: No.

MR. SUAZO: No questions.

JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you.

So, Mr. Figueroa, you have approximately 15 minutes. So please begin when you're ready.

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### PRESENTATION

MR. FIGUEROA: Okay. Well, basically, there's only two pieces that I'm -- that we're objecting to the audit. The first -- the main one is -- has to do with credit cards. We believe that the business or the restaurant accepts more than 80 percent of credit cards. That's what one of the exhibits is, is they -- they have more than 90 percent of their business is -- is credit cards versus cash. And the reason being that we believe this is not only the credit card receipts, but this particular -- the restaurant is not open on Sundays for the simple reason is that they're -- they are in, like, an industrial place, and that's one of the exhibits.

I -- I went out there and took pictures of where they're at. The complex they're in has over 200 units and so, therefore, there's no residence around there. So most of the people that go, go during lunch time, and they pay

with credit card versus cash. I was never presented how 80 percent came about in the audit. I was just told that that's -- you know, that that's what they were -- that that's what they were going to use and -- and I really didn't have much of a choice. So that's why I've challenged that.

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And then the second thing has to do with the -oh, it has to do with the negligence. I believe she -she wasn't negligent. She -- she hired somebody to do her
work, like most people do. You know, like, everybody
hires somebody to do their taxes and they, you know,
they -- most people, you know, take it that whoever is
preparing the taxes is doing a correct job. And so,
therefore, she had a CPA that was doing her sales tax.
But, unfortunately, she found out that he was not
including the liquor.

And so when the audit came about the audit was in process when I came about. She decided to change the person that was going to be doing her account, and that's when she came to me, and that's when I reopened the audit because the liquor was not included. And so we opened it up, went about it. We knew we had to pay. There was no question about that. There was no question about the audit. I included the audit. And so I feel she wasn't totally negligent.

She was relying on somebody who is an expert on 1 2 performing what she was paying him for. And when she 3 found out that he was not doing a good job or a wrong job, that's where I came in, and she hired me and that's where 4 5 we -- we continued. And from that point on, you know, we 6 have been including the liquor and everything else that 7 pertains to -- to the normal course of action. So I feel that -- that she was relate -- I mean, she was relying on 8 9 someone to do their job correctly, and it didn't happen. 10 So that's -- that's where -- that's where we are 11 at. And this has been going on for years already. I 12 think, if I'm not mistaken, probably four or five years. 13 And those are the only two issues that I have always, you 14 know, appealed on, the 80 percent of the credit cards that

JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Does that conclude your presentation?

MR. FIGUEROA: Yes. Yes.

was given to me and then the negligence.

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JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you.

I'm going to check in with my Panel members.

Judge Long, did you have any questions for the Appellant?

JUDGE LONG: Yes, I have some questions. I just wanted to turn our attention to Exhibit 1, the credit card ratio that was calculated. How were the food and bar

totals calculated? Where do those figures come from? 1 2 MR. FIGUEROA: Those figures come from the --3 from the receipts. 4 JUDGE LONG: Okav. 5 MR. FIGUEROA: And those receipts -- and those receipts, unfortunately, like I said, I couldn't -- I 6 7 couldn't get the bank statements. But those receipts 8 match the bank statement for a period I have on there, 9 October '16. So I just got all the receipts for everyday 10 except Sundays. And we added up, you know, what the 11 charges were and took the percentage according to what 12 we -- to what was submitted for all the food and liquor. 13 JUDGE LONG: And were those provided to CDTFA 14 during the audit? 15 MR. FIGUEROA: Pardon? 16 JUDGE LONG: Were those provided to --17 MR. FIGUEROA: Yes. 18 JUDGE LONG: -- CDTFA during the audit? 19 MR. FIGUEROA: Yes. Yes. As a matter of fact, 20 we provided -- we provided the three year's worth of 21 receipts. But as the audit was going, I was told to just 22 to concentrate on October '16. So I did, but, you know, 23 we do have the receipts for those three years that they've been audited. 2.4

JUDGE LONG: Okay. And then for the credit cards

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      sales, I see the notation that it includes tips.
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               MR. FIGUEROA: Yes.
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               JUDGE LONG: It looks like tip reaudit
      16 percent.
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                   Is that --
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               MR. FIGUEROA: Yes.
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               JUDGE LONG: -- in dispute?
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               MR. FIGUEROA: Yes.
                                   No.
               JUDGE LONG: No.
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               MR. FIGUEROA: That is not in dispute.
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               JUDGE LONG: And then do the cash sales on
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      Exhibit 1 also include tip?
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               MR. FIGUEROA: Yes.
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               JUDGE LONG: They do.
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               MR. FIGUEROA: Uh-huh.
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               JUDGE LONG: Okay. And then do the cash and the
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      credit card sales include the sales tax reimbursement that
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      was collected by the taxpayer? Or is this without sales
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      tax?
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               MR. FIGUEROA: No. Only -- only the -- the
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      liquor includes sales tax. So we subtract the sales tax
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      from the liquor.
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               JUDGE LONG: Okay. And then regarding the
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      Exhibit 2, the credit cards sales data for October 2016,
      it looks like those numbers match up with the credit card
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      totals. Do you have similar documentation for November
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and December 2016, the other two months in Exhibit 1? 1 2 MR. FIGUEROA: Yes, we do. I do. I mean, I --3 I -- they're not in here, but we -- I do have them in the office. 4 5 Okay. Why weren't those submitted? JUDGE LONG: 6 MR. FIGUEROA: Because when we -- when I started 7 the whole appeal and everything, I was told to just concentrate on one month out of the -- that particular 8 9 quarter. So that's why I submitted only October. 10 the beginning of all this, it's -- we've only had one 11 month that I was -- that I was told to just concentrate on 12 that month, so I did. 13 JUDGE LONG: Okay. And then -- I guess then, 14 with respect to -- if we just focus on October, why 15 weren't the cash receipts submitted for October 2016? 16 MR. FIGUEROA: There is no cash receipts. That's 17 just it. 18 JUDGE LONG: Okay. 19 MR. FIGUEROA: You know, she deposits some. 20 gets the cash, and she deposits some in the bank, and 2.1 that's about it. You know, she doesn't -- she doesn't 22 ring it up or anything like that. 23 JUDGE LONG: Gotcha. And so then these amounts, 2.4 if we had the bank statement, they would match?

MR. FIGUEROA: Right.

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JUDGE LONG: Okay. The deposits?

MR. FIGUEROA: They would. They would.

JUDGE LONG: Okay.

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MR. FIGUEROA: At one time, we did have the bank statement, and they were -- I thought the audit was done, and so we put them back in storage. And right now the storage is like -- I was there late last night trying to see where, you know, if I could find them, but just could not just find them. So I didn't have enough time to -- or call Monique and -- or Ms. Kamies and say, hey, can you get to the bank and see if we can get '16 done, you know, the bank statements on that.

So -- but they do match. I mean, since the audit -- like I said, this audit has been going on for four or five years. I mean, all these receipts for the three years, they all match the bank statements. It was -- it wasn't anything that was out of the ordinary or anything. So the only -- like I said, the only thing I objected is, when the audit came out, the final paperwork, you know, the auditor deemed that it was 80 percent. And I said, well, how did you arrive to that? And he really didn't give me an answer. He says, well, that's the standard. That's what he said. It's the standard.

And -- I said but I'm showing you all the receipts and bank statements. I said, you know, it

doesn't come out. It doesn't come out to 80 percent. 1 2 comes out to more. And like I said before, that's the 3 reason she doesn't open on Sundays because she doesn't get -- you know, she gets most of -- her traffic there 4 5 is -- it's an industrial place. There's a hotel there. There's just industrial buildings. 6 7 So people just come in and pay with credit card, 8 you know. They don't come in and pay with cash. If they 9 were a neighborhood, I could -- I could understand that. 10 But that's -- that's the big reason she doesn't open on Sundays because she -- there's nobody working in those 11 12 areas on Sundays, so she has no business on there. 13 JUDGE LONG: Okay. Thank you. I don't have any 14 further questions. 15 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you, Judge Long. 16 I just had a couple of follow-up questions. 17 told you to just focus on October? Was it the Appellant 18 or --19 MR. FIGUEROA: Yes. 20 JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. And then --21 MR. FIGUEROA: No. No. It wasn't -- are you --22 when you're saying the Appellant, you're talking about 23 Ms. Kamies? 2.4 JUDGE RALSTON: Yes. 25 MR. FIGUEROA: No. No. It was before we got to

here, when I was objecting to that, I wasn't told by somebody. Somebody in the -- well, I still call you guys the Sales Tax Division. I was told to just pick one month -- one month out of the quarter. So I -- so they said once you get October, and that's what I concentrated, you know.

If they would have been said I want -- we want the three quarters -- I mean, the three months, I would have done it easily because we've got all the receipts in the office. But they said just concentrate in one month out of the -- for what you're appealing, just concentrate on one month out of the quarter. So I said okay. So that's where I'm at.

JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you.

Judge Brown, did you have any questions?

JUDGE BROWN: Maybe just one or two.

MR. FIGUEROA: Okay.

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JUDGE BROWN: I just want to walk through and make sure I understand your explanation, Mr. Figueroa, regarding the Exhibit 1 and 2 that we were -- that you were just talking about. You said that Exhibit 1 -- and you want to look at to make sure we're talking about the same thing.

MR. FIGUEROA: Yes.

JUDGE BROWN: You're saying that Exhibit 1 is --

if we ask you what the source of that information is, you 1 2 say it's based on the receipts in Exhibit 2 --3 MR. FIGUEROA: Correct. JUDGE BROWN: -- or it's based on --4 5 MR. FIGUEROA: The receipts that are -- they are -- which are attached in -- yes, Exhibit 2. 6 7 JUDGE BROWN: Okay. So how would you we --8 MR. FIGUEROA: Oh, okay. Go ahead. 9 JUDGE BROWN: No. Go ahead. Sorry. 10 MR. FIGUEROA: No. No. I just --11 JUDGE BROWN: I cut you off. 12 MR. FIGUEROA: I just noticed the exhibits. 13 I do have -- okay. All those receipts that are there 14 are -- the receipts in Exhibit 2 are for the three months. 15 I mean, they got October, November, and December on there. 16 JUDGE BROWN: And so you're saying that you went 17 through and added up all the numbers in Exhibit 2, and 18 that's how we get Exhibit 1? 19 MR. FIGUEROA: Right. 20 JUDGE BROWN: Okay. 21 MR. FIGUEROA: For each month, right. Correctly. 22 And those receipts at one time, when I had the bank 23 statements because the auditor did ask for the bank 2.4 statements, all those receipts that you see in Exhibit 2 25 match the bank statement because we wanted to make sure

that we were going the right way.

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JUDGE BROWN: So that ties into my next question is, how would we know if the information in exhibit -- in these exhibits are comprehensive? How do we know whether it includes all of the sales?

MR. FIGUEROA: Well, if you notice on the receipts, they've got all the dates. We've got all the dates on here on Exhibit 2. All the dates are there, except Sundays are blank. So you would find a receipt for each of those days in Exhibit 2.

JUDGE BROWN: And how would we know that there weren't other sales that didn't get caught, you know, didn't get captured in this snap-shot of the three months?

MR. FIGUEROA: Well, if you notice the totals there are the totals that we -- that we used to calculate the taxes, and then it shows what was credit cards. And the total on Exhibit 1 is what we used to pay the sales tax.

JUDGE BROWN: Well --

MR. FIGUEROA: So that is -- that is what all the sales that happened, and then the next column is the credit cards. So if -- if that 70 through -- if you look at October the sales for that month were \$73,000, which match. Of course, again, I don't have the bank statements. And out of those sales \$69,000 was credit

cards and the rest was cash.

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JUDGE BROWN: Well, I had a question about something you said when you were answering a question earlier where you said there's no cash receipts.

MR. FIGUEROA: Right. But there's -- but this money was -- is what was deposited in the bank.

JUDGE BROWN: And you said that Ms. Kamies doesn't ring up the cash sales. You said --

MR. FIGUEROA: No. That's why we don't have any receipts. I mean, she just -- she just gets them and deposits them in the -- so, you know, and this was what was reported to pay the sales tax on that. It's -- it's all based on the bank statement, really.

JUDGE BROWN: I don't have any further questions. Thank you.

JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you, Judge Brown.

Judge Long, did you have any-follow up questions?

JUDGE LONG: I do. I wanted to clarify some answers that you gave regarding Exhibit 2. You mentioned that Exhibit 2 includes November and December. But I scrolled through what I have for Exhibit 2, and they're dated at the top of each page. And it looks like the final page that I have is October 31st. I don't have November and December. Did you intend to submit the

November and December numbers?

1 MR. FIGUEROA: You mean the receipts? 2 JUDGE LONG: Yeah. 3 MR. FIGUEROA: Because the numbers on are on Exhibit 1. Yeah, I did intend. But I think it was so big 4 5 I probably just did not -- yeah. Yes. The answer to your 6 question is yes. 7 JUDGE LONG: Okay. MR. FIGUEROA: I intended to but, you know, I 8 9 just I guess didn't make copies of them and send them in. 10 JUDGE LONG: Okay. And then -- I'm sorry. I got a little confused regarding an answer that you provided to 11 12 my colleague here regarding the totals and how the sales are -- the food and bar sales are supported by Exhibit 2. 13 14 So clearly going through Exhibit 2, they have AX, VI, 15 and --16 (Phone interruption.) 17 Sorry. Let me turn this off. MR. FIGUEROA: 18 Okay. I'm sorry. 19 So going through Exhibit 2, they JUDGE LONG: 20 clearly all have the AX, VI, and MC indicators that these 2.1 are credit card charges with no cash sales in here. 22 MR. FIGUEROA: Right. 23 JUDGE LONG: So is it just that the -- so what 2.4 I'm asking is, are these food and bar totals that are in 25 Columns 1 and 2 of Exhibit 1? Are those just credit card

sales?

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MR. FIGUEROA: No. If you notice, it's got food, bar, and it's got a total. If you notice that if you add the food and the bar across, it does not equal \$1,316.

That means that there was cash in there.

JUDGE LONG: Right.

MR. FIGUEROA: Okay. And we got that number from the bank statement. That was the money that was either — it was either credit cards or cash that got in there.

Okay. So in the last column is what was credit cards.

Okay. And the other total column is — is what — and the credit cards you might see that it's kind of skewed because they don't get the money, you know, the same day that they use the credit cards. They get it like the next day and all that.

That's why if you look at 10/1, the total sales, but the credit cards were \$1,502, which is more than the sales were, and that's -- that's because of the skew of the last day of the month, and they got the credit on the first of the month. But what was deposited on that day was the 13 -- or what was charged that day was the \$1,360.25, which includes cash in there. So all the columns that way are include cash. Okay. But there is no receipt for the cash. She just gets the cash and deposits it in the bank.

JUDGE LONG: Okay. Thank you. I think that clears things up for me.

JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you, Judge Long.

Mr. Suazo, you have approximately 15 minutes, and you can begin when you're ready.

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#### PRESENTATION

MR. SUAZO: Okay. Monique Kamies is the owner of an Irish bar and restaurant located in Costa Mesa. It is open Monday through Saturday and closed on Sundays. Audit period is from January 2014 through December 2016.

Appellant did claim a small amount of exempt food sales and sales for resale, and also included deductions for sales with sales tax included; Exhibit E, page 99.

The Department's review included sales journals for the audit period, Z-tapes, which are cash register tapes for December 2016, and 1099 credit card information obtained from the Franchise Tax Board for the period from January 2014 through December 2016. No documentation was provided to support the exemptions claimed. Therefore, exemptions were disallowed and all sales were considered taxable. 1099 credit card transactions totaled \$2.3 million for the audit period; Exhibit D, page 78. Appellant reported only \$824,000 in sales for the period; Exhibit E, page 98.

Based on the discrepancy, an alternative method was used to derive taxable sales. After adjustments were made for tips and tax included and the 1099 credit card reports, the credit card sales amounted to around \$1.8 million; Exhibit D, page 77. Because the Appellant provided no viable information as to the amount of cash sales transactions that occurred, the Department used a conservative estimate of 20 percent cash sales. This was based on similar businesses on Exhibit D, page 76. The 20 percent was applied to audited credit card sales to compute taxable sales of over \$2.2 million; Exhibit D, page 76.

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The \$2.2 million was compared to the reported \$824,000 in taxable sales, and the difference of almost \$1.4 million was assessed as unreported taxable sales; Exhibit D, page 75. The percentage of error on reported taxable sales is over 169 percent. Analysis of the December 2016 summer register tapes disclosed that 752 of the 2,226 ring ups listed on register tapes were for zero dollar sales. Appellant explained that transactions listed as no sales recorded every time the register opens; Exhibit D, page 63. This amounted to 33.8 percent of total ring ups.

When an average of the credit cards sales was applied to the amount of zero ring up sales, cash sales

were computed to be \$21,000 for the month, and the cash ratio was over 30 percent; Exhibit D, pages 81 and 82.

Based on the analysis, the estimated 20 percent cash sales ratio used in the audit to project cash sales is deemed very conservative and benefits the Appellant.

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In addition, the Appellant had claimed that

16.90 percent of the credit card comprised of tips.

Normally on tips, tips are paid out of cash sales that
occurred on that day. So, basically, you're already at

84 percent as credit card, and then he's saying that he
deposits another 10 percent into the bank. Therefore,
realistically after today's hearing, the credit card was
probably 75 percent and the cash was probably 25 percent.

Again, showing that the 20 percent used in the audit is
very conservative.

Negligence penalty of 10 percent has been added.

Appellant failed to maintain adequate books and records.

Appellant failed to provide documentation to support claimed exempt sales. Unreported sales are material at over \$1.3 million. The percentage of error is

169 percent. The 1099 credit card sales alone amounted to \$1.8 million in sales. Appellant reported only \$824,000 in sales. This is almost a \$1 million difference of unreported sales by itself.

In addition, the taxpayer has also claimed that

most of the sales occurred during lunch. However, looking at Exhibit I believe 1, that he just turned in or that he submitted, 70 percent -- roughly 71.73 percent of all sales are for bar sales. Normally, bar sales would not occur during lunchtime when people are still working. So there's a little discrepancy there on what he's claiming versus what's actually occurring based on his own records because most bar sales are going to be taking place after people are off work.

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So this concludes my presentation. I'm available to answer any questions you may have.

JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you.

I'm going to check in with my Panel to see if there are any questions.

Judge Brown, did you have any questions?

JUDGE BROWN: I think I do have one or two questions. Thank you.

I wanted to ask about the reference in the reaudit work papers to the similar restaurant in Costa Mesa where you derived the 80 percent ratio. The reaudit work papers in the comments say, "Please see exhibit schedule for further reference," but I couldn't find what they were referring to.

MR. SUAZO: Yeah. It was not included in there by mistake. But there's five bars showing -- I think it

1 totals 79.94 percent. 2 JUDGE BROWN: And those are bars and restaurants? 3 MR. SUAZO: Yeah. He has it listed as business 4 locations. I'm assuming that they are bars since that's 5 what they're looking at. 6 JUDGE BROWN: Would we expect a difference 7 between --MR. SUAZO: Normally bars are actually lower than 8 9 that. They're anywhere from -- I mean, historically, they 10 are probably around 50 percent and --11 JUDGE BROWN: 50 percent credit cards? 12 MR. SUAZO: 50 percent credit card and 50 percent 13 cash at this time period. However, after Covid, 14 everything has changed. 15 JUDGE BROWN: Right. 16 MR. SUAZO: Okay. And then, again, if you 17 look -- if you gave them 16 percent credit cards, again, 18 credit cards are normally paid out of the cash that's 19 being paid in hand. So you're already at 85 percent. 20 then he says he deposits 10 percent in cash to the bank. 2.1 That would put you at 75 percent credit card, 25 percent 22 cash based on his own computations. 23 JUDGE BROWN: And I guess I wanted to ask as well 24 about imposing the negligence penalty for a first-time

audit. I understand your explanation earlier about that

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just using the -- comparing the 1099 data to reported sales there's a big discrepancy. I wanted to ask whether -- when I look at the audit work papers, there's also references to taxpayer not providing the records. But I understand there was an expiring statute, and so maybe taxpayer didn't have time to provide the records.

MR. SUAZO: But he could have provided one during the appeal, and he --

JUDGE BROWN: This is -- this is my question.

MR. SUAZO: Yes.

JUDGE BROWN: Is the negligence penalty being -- are you considering what the taxpayer provided in terms of these records initially or based on everything that taxpayer has provided?

MR. SUAZO: Based on everything taxpayer has provided because he could have -- we still have no purchase invoices. We can't do a markup process unless -- because he's never given us any type of purchase invoices.

MR. PARKER: Also, Judge Brown, with the large discrepancy just between what the taxpayer was depositing into their bank account from just the credit card sales alone and only reporting 40 percent of that or somewhere around there, that to me negligence as well. Because they should have known that their sales were much greater than what they were even reporting.

JUDGE BROWN: And do you know whether there was any consideration of doing an observation test to determine the credit card ratio? I know you don't have to, but that's what I've often seen for restaurants.

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MR. SUAZO: I think in the case because you did have the expiring statute, it wasn't put on the table. If the taxpayer would have been cooperative, then maybe it might have been a different story. However, based on the facts that were given and the situation that occurred --

JUDGE BROWN: I think those are all my questions right now. Thank you.

JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you, Judge Brown.

Judge Long, did you have any questions?

JUDGE LONG: Yeah, just one regarding some of your answers about the negligence penalty. What it sounds like to me is that the negligence penalty was imposed regarding -- at the audit based on lack of documentation, and I understand that the large discrepancy between the 1099-K as well. But it also sounds like, you know, based solely on your answers that there's a sort of continued negligence penalty as if they are continued to be penalized based on what occurred on appeal. Correct me if I am wrong, but that's --

MR. SUAZO: I don't think that's the case.

JUDGE LONG: I think you should take a moment to

1 clarify your answer. 2 MR. PARKER: Can you repeat the question? 3 JUDGE LONG: Yeah. I'm not sure I fully understand it. 4 MR. PARKER: 5 Well, because what happened JUDGE LONG: Yeah. at the appeal and at the reaudit occurred after the 6 7 negligence penalty was imposed, right? But my understanding is that the answer -- and I don't have the 8 9 transcript in front of me. But I believe you said if the 10 taxpayer had been cooperative things would have been 11 different. It sounds like you essentially continued to penalize the taxpayer at the reaudit and appeals. 12 13 that -- am I misunderstanding your answers? 14 MR. SUAZO: I believe so. Because, basically, if 15 the taxpayer would have had the records available, okay, 16 then I don't think the negligence penalty may have come 17 I mean, it still might have come up because of the 18 percentage error. 19 I'm sorry. But the negligence JUDGE LONG: 20 penalty had been imposed already at the time of the 2.1 reaudit and the appeal. 22 MR. SUAZO: And, again, because no records were 23 provided. He didn't give -- there was no purchase amounts 2.4 or purchase invoices provided. It was difficult.

believe if you look 414 -Z comments to get certain data.

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1 And when it was asked at the appeals, it still hadn't come 2 up yet. 3 JUDGE LONG: Okay. Thank you. I don't have any further questions. 4 5 And, Judge Long, I just want to add MR. PARKER: 6 one point of clarification. When we were talking about 7 not being cooperative, it was in the realm of we asked for a waiver. We were asking for records. Things weren't 8 9 being provided. That has nothing to do with whether there 10 was negligence in reporting the amounts. The negligence 11 penalty applies to how much they reported, not necessarily 12 the things that transpired before we issued the billing. 13 MR. SUAZO: Yes. Because if you look, there 14 was -- the request for records was on November 21st, 2016 15 and they had time to get the records. 16 JUDGE LONG: Okay. Thank you. 17 MR. SUAZO: And they were not forth coming. 18 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you. 19 Excuse me. If we were to hold the record open, 20 would you be able to provide the missing schedule that 21 Judge Brown was referring to? 22 MR. SUAZO: Yes. 23 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you. 2.4 Okay. It looks like we are ready to move on, 25 Mr. Figueroa, to your rebuttal. So you have

approximately, I believe, five minutes to respond.

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#### CLOSING STATEMENT

MR. FIGUEROA: Okay. First of all, during the audit, we were never asked for any purchase documents.

Okay. I've been doing with the sales tax for over

20 years, and I'm going through some audits right now. In this particular case, I never was asked for any purchase documents. So it's not correct on them saying we were not cooperative. We provided everything that they asked for when the auditor came in. He asked for the bank statements, the tax return, and any receipts that we had, and we provided all of that.

As far as they had mentioned something about how many times the cash register was being opened, and we explained to them. And we said you can even go talk to the employees. But one of the employees was using the cash register -- as silly as it may seem -- using it to store paper clips and everything else. And the auditor asked me, and I went to go ask him why the cash register was being opened and no sales, no sales, no sales. And that's what, you know, what was told to me from the actual employee that was doing it. And, you know, I thought to myself well that's silly.

And about the not reporting those 1099s that he's

American Express. Okay. But that wasn't -- she gave it to the person who was doing her books. He told her. Exactly what he told her, he said oh, I'm not including the liquor. You don't have to include the liquor. That's what he told her. So she believed him until she started asking other people, and they're saying are you crazy. And that's where I came in.

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The audit was almost at a close, and I requested to reopen it. And any extensions that we had to sign, I signed them all. There is no -- we were as cooperative as we could be, and we had everything that they had asked for. That's why -- and I'm not disputing that she did not include the American Express. We're not disputing that. That's why we gave a \$60,000 up front, you know, as good faith. We're not disputing that she did not include the American Express 1099. That's not the dispute.

My only dispute is -- is the credit card reference, you know. And that's -- that's what I'm disputing. And the negligence I'm disputing is because she didn't -- she wasn't being informed by her CPA. And he told her, oh, you don't have to include the liquor. So she's going to believe him. He's the one that's doing her account. She's going to believe him. When she found out different, that's when she fired him, and I came on board.

And like I said, we're not disputing the difference. We're not disputing that at all okay. And -- and the tips -- I mean, the tips, the first time the audit came the tips were only at 10 percent. We were able to prove that it was more than 10 percent. That's how we came about 16 percent. Okay. So we're not disputing. The only thing we're disputing right now is the negligence. Because like I said, as soon as she found out that he was not doing it correctly, she fired him. And then that's when I came aboard and reopened the audit on that -- on that basis, and we provided everything that the auditor asked for.

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I don't know how many times he came to the office, and we gave him everything we had. And never ever were we were ever asked for purchase orders. We have all the purchase orders of all the purchases that she bought, whether it be liquor, food. I mean, that's how we -- I do her taxes. So that's how we come about with numbers. We don't come up with numbers just to put it on the tax return. We-- we have -- we have the bank statements, which she charges everything, and we have purchase, you know, receipts that correspond to the purchases. But nobody ever asked us, and nobody said we're going to do the markup. So it wasn't -- it wasn't that we're not co -- that didn't -- weren't -- we didn't have them and

1 we're not cooperative, but it never was asked of us on that one. So -- so that's -- that's -- that's -- all. 2 3 JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you. I have a question for you. If we were to give 4 you additional time, could you provide the bank records. 5 MR. FIGUEROA: Sure. I would -- I would have 6 7 to -- yeah. I would have to go to the bank and get them to print out that. And if you're looking for purchase 8 9 orders, we could, you know. But, yeah, I could -- we 10 could. 11 JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you. 12 I'm going to check in with my co-Panelists to see if there are any additional questions. 13 14 Judge Brown? 15 JUDGE BROWN: I don't have anything further at 16 this time. Thank you. 17 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you. 18 And, Judge Long, did you have any additional 19 questions? 20 JUDGE LONG: No questions at this time. Thank 2.1 you. 22 JUDGE RALSTON: Thank you. 23 So we are ready to go ahead and conclude this 2.4 hearing. We are going to keep the record open to allow 25 both parties to submit the additional documentation.

We'll send out a letter specifying what we -- the documentation that we are asking for, which will be the bank statements from the Appellant and the missing schedule from the Respondent. We will -- I'm wondering with you having to go to the bank to get the documents printed and with the holidays coming up, I'm thinking approximately 45 days. But we'll specify in the letter, and then both parties will be given the opportunity to respond to what the other party submits. So does that make sense?

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MR. FIGUEROA: Yes. Now, on the bank statements, would you like the whole three years.

JUDGE RALSTON: Yeah we'll specify. We'll send out a letter and we'll have everything specified and just so you can just follow that. You know, I want to make sure I look at my notes again and put in everything correctly. So we're going to keep this record open after we receive the additional documents and your responses. Then we will go ahead and close the record and issue our opinion after that.

So we're going to go ahead and conclude the hearing in the Appeal of Kamies.

And the hearings will resume -- that concludes the morning session, and our oral hearings will resume at 1:00 p.m. for our other cases today.

1	MR. FIGUEROA: Okay.
2	JUDGE RALSTON: Okay. Thank you everyone for
3	attending.
4	(Proceedings adjourned at 10:21 a.m.)
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## 1 HEARING REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 I, Ernalyn M. Alonzo, Hearing Reporter in and for 3 the State of California, do hereby certify: 4 5 That the foregoing transcript of proceedings was 6 taken before me at the time and place set forth, that the 7 testimony and proceedings were reported stenographically 8 by me and later transcribed by computer-aided 9 transcription under my direction and supervision, that the 10 foregoing is a true record of the testimony and 11 proceedings taken at that time. 12 I further certify that I am in no way interested 13 in the outcome of said action. 14 I have hereunto subscribed my name this 12th day 15 of December, 2023. 16 17 18 19 ERNALYN M. ALONZO 20 HEARING REPORTER 21 2.2 23 2.4 25